



Broulee Micro Grid Feasibility Discussion Forum #2



Record of Discussion

*These design briefs developed within communities will contribute to SuRF project
Milestone 5.4 High level concept and design for the eight communities*

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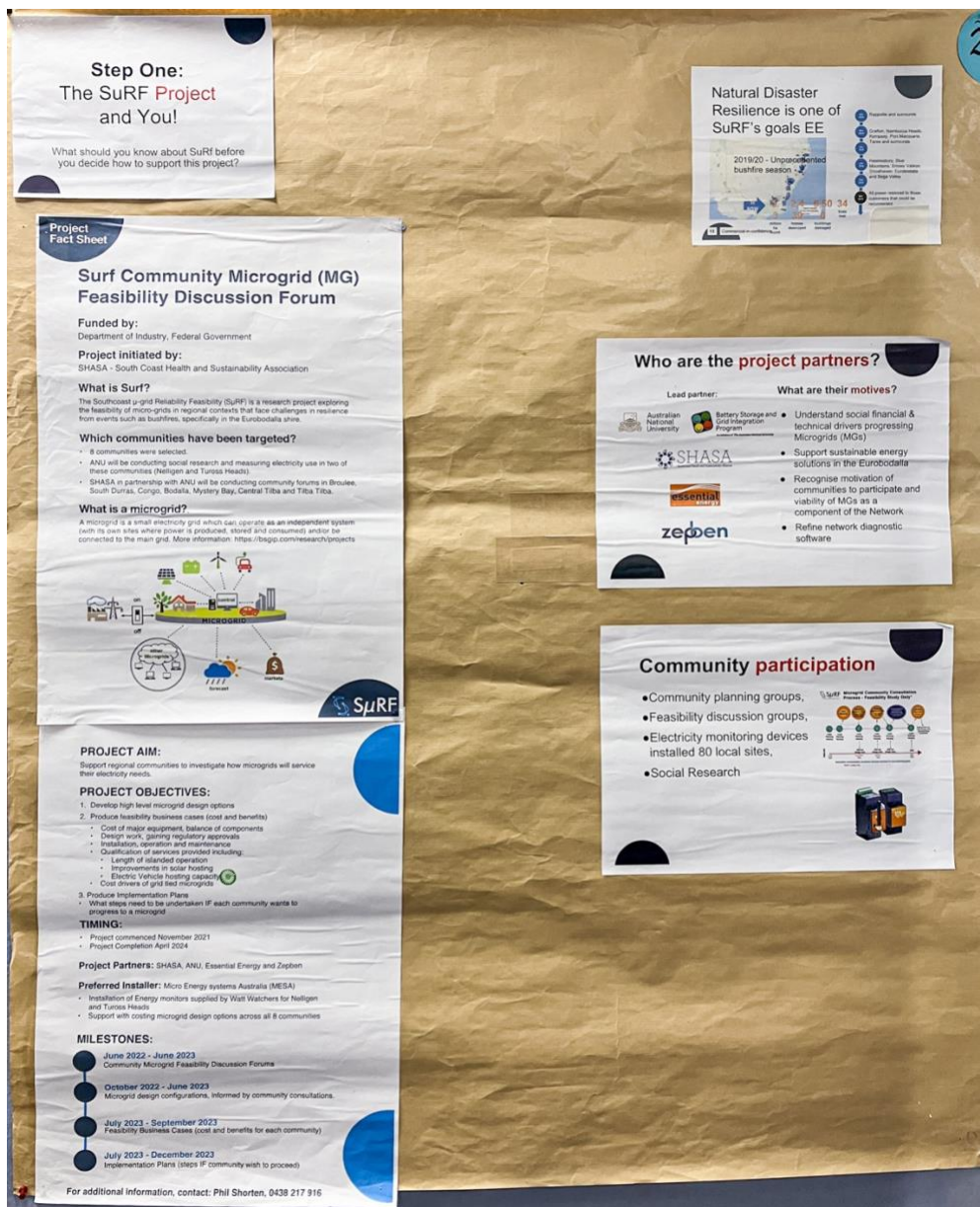
*Presented by Hedda Ranson-Cooper & Bjorn Sturmberg (ANU), Warwick Crowfoot &
Matt O'Neill (Essential Energy) and Matt O'Regan (ITP). Moderated by Phil Shorten (SHASA)*

Introduction and Context

The first step of the forum was to introduce the purpose and process of the forum and recognise the group participating in the discussion.

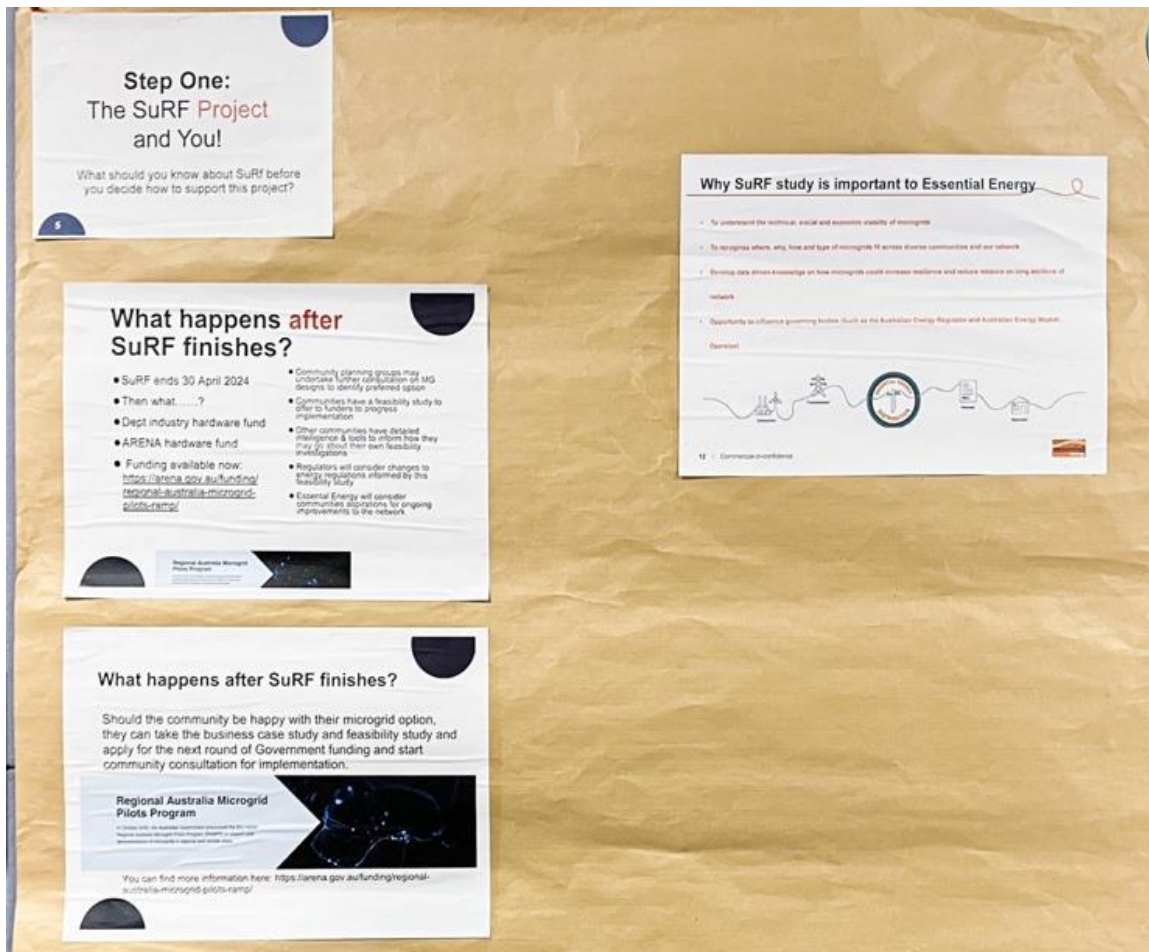
The purpose being to provide information on the context and status of the SuRF Microgrid feasibility study so that those participating leave with a deeper understanding of Microgrids and have a chance to comment on the different aspects of design that are important to them.

The context was provided by way of a series of project fact sheets about the SuRF project.



Moderator Notes...

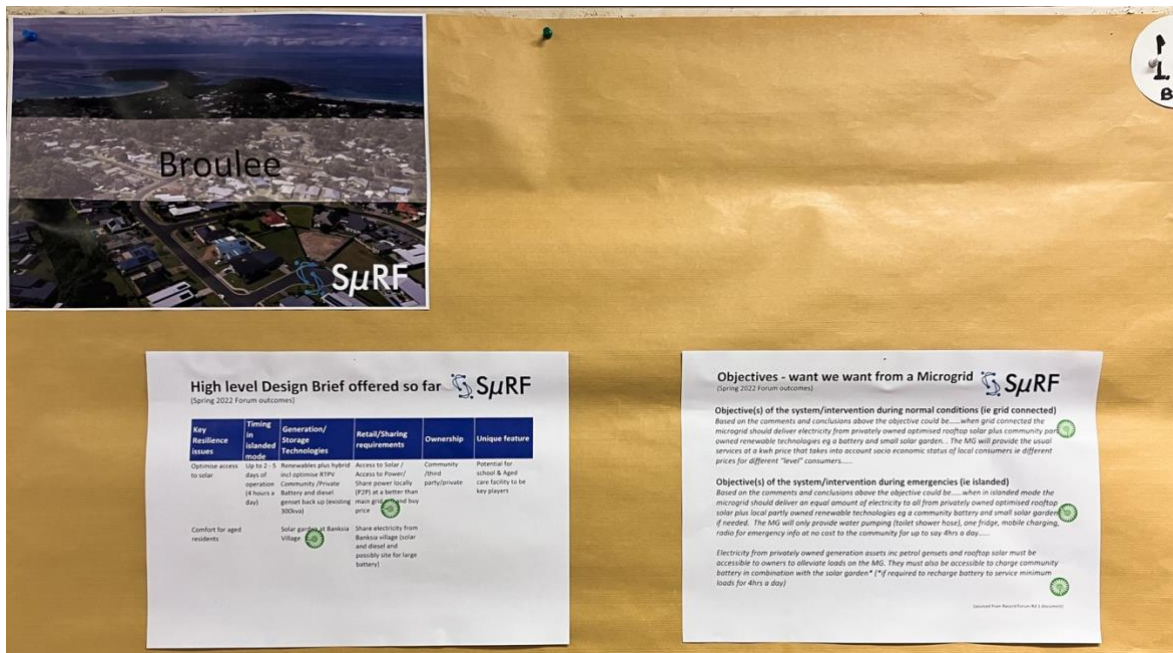
Introduction and Context



Moderator Notes...

STEP 1

Design Objectives from Round 1 Community Discussion Group



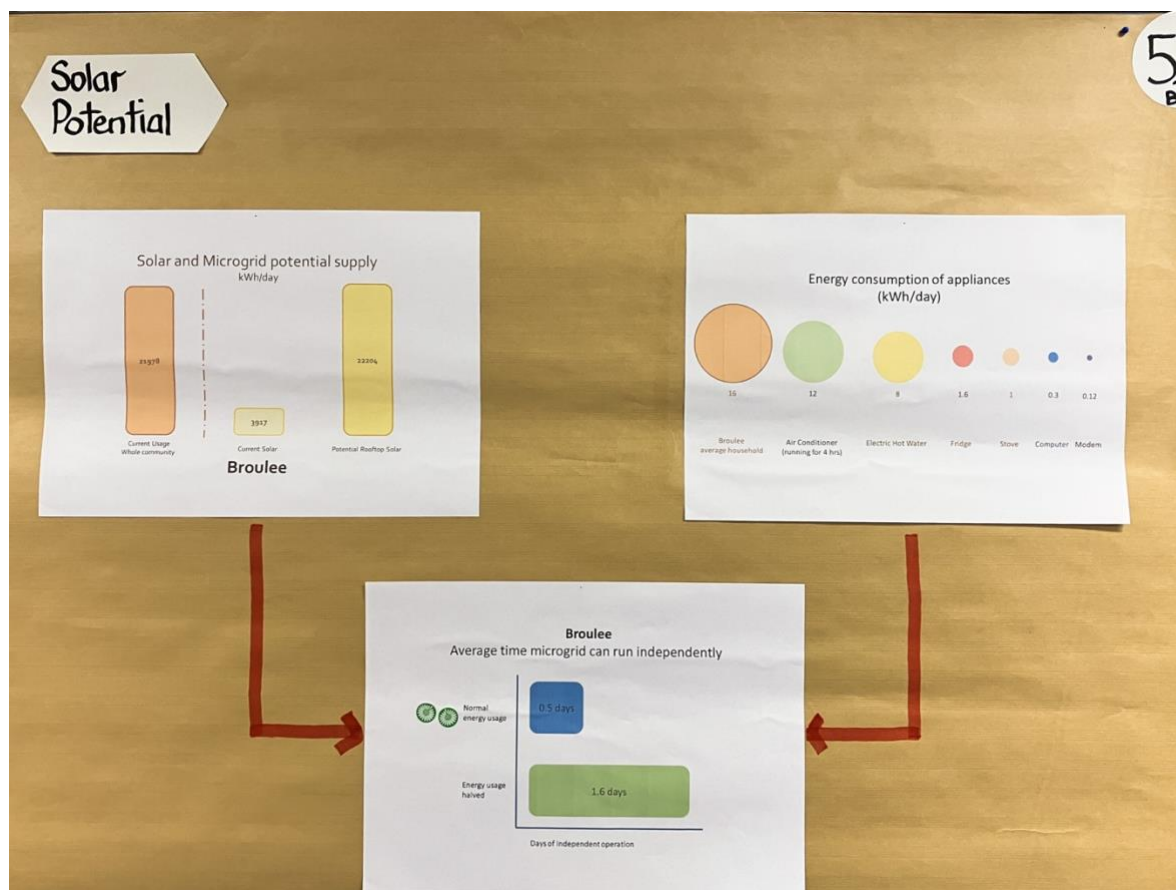
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STEP 2

Analysis of solar potential within the community

Analysis showing the potential generation available from rooftop solar and the time the microgrid could operate in islanded mode.



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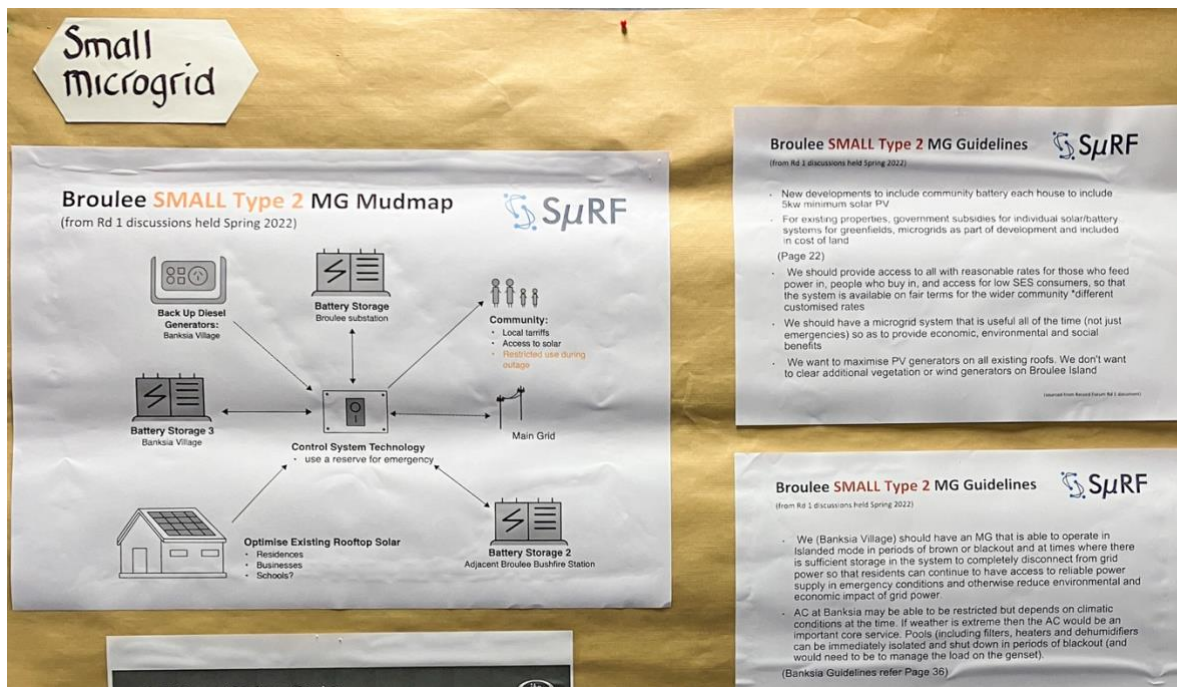
The analysis suggests that battery offered in the microgrid design by the SuRF team will provide almost half (0.5) a day of electricity in islanded (switched off from main) during a main grid outage.

If the community was to restrict their usage by 50% then the islanded time could be extended to 1.6 days

STEP 3

Small Microgrid: Design brief offered from Rd 1 community discussion group

The design brief was informed by the outcomes from the Round 1 consultations held during the Spring of 2022.

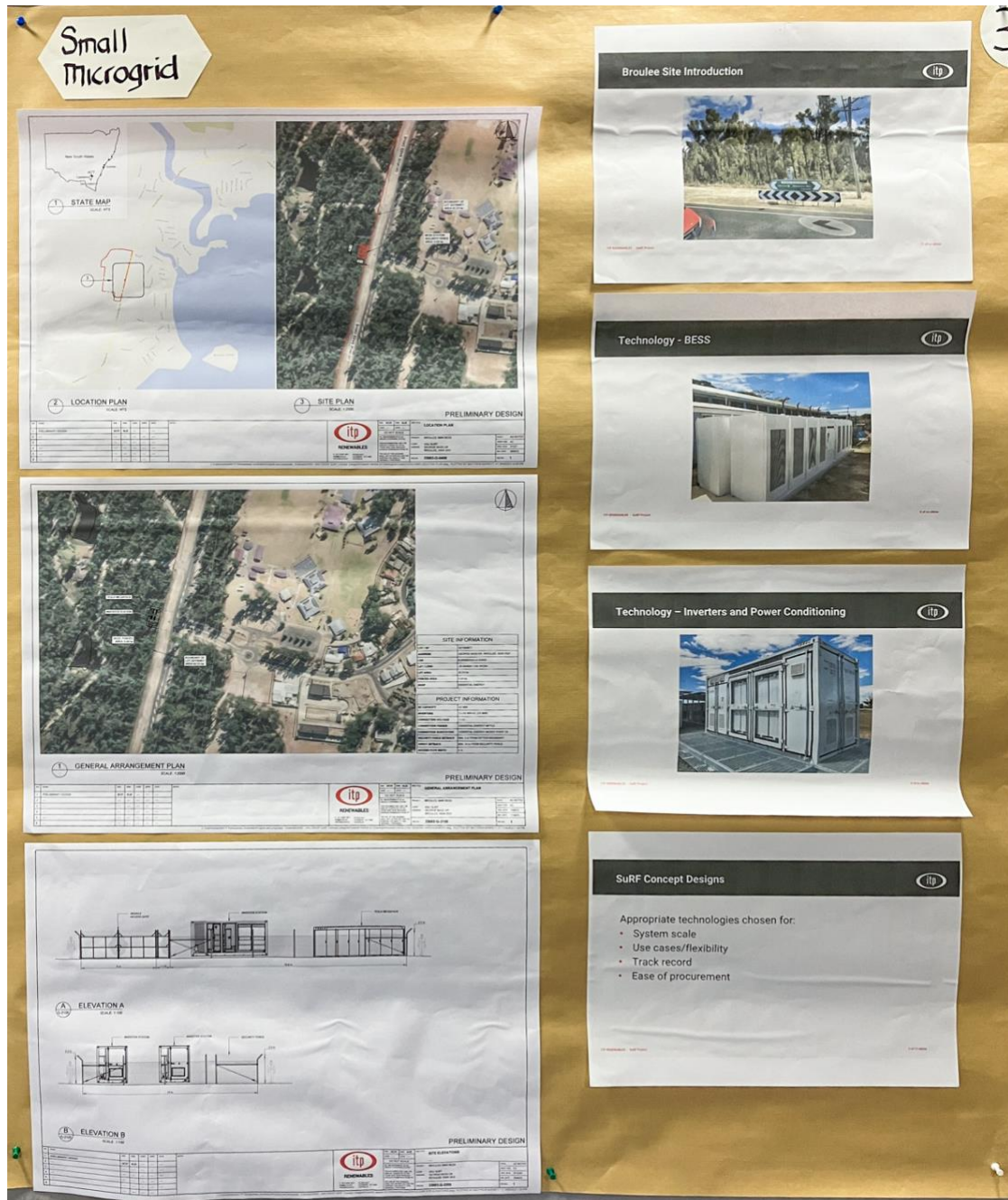


Moderator Notes...

STEP 3

Small Microgrid: High Level Design Concept

Technologies with technical specifications and costings compiled by the SuRF team for the small Microgrid were made available for comment.



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SuRF Concept Designs - Broulee

Broulee concept design:

Topology	Generator Sizing
Large microgrid	Insufficient space available for large ground-mounted PV array
Small microgrid	6344 kW rooftop solar + 5500 kW/5500 kWh battery
Diesel Only	4990 kVA

SuRF Concept Designs

Concept designs are split into large and small microgrids.

Large:

- Solar Farm
- Co-located Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)

Small:

- Community BESS (with rooftop solar)

STEP 4

Large Microgrid: Design Brief offered from Rd 1 community discussion group.

The design brief was informed by the outcomes from the Round 1 consultations held during the Spring of 2022.

Large microgrid

Broulee LARGE Type 3 MG Mudmap
(from Rd 1 discussions held Spring 2022)

Back Up Diesel Generators: Banksia Village

Battery Storage: Broulee substation

Community:
- Local tariffs
- Access to solar
- Extended use during outage

Main Grid

Control System Technology
- use a reserve for emergency

Retailer
- Trades with the market on communities' behalf
- Manages tariffs

Battery Storage 3: Banksia Village

Solar Gardens/Farm
- Banksia?
- Bower?

Optimise Existing Rooftop Solar
- Residences
- Businesses
- Schools?

Broulee LARGE Type 3 MG Guidelines (from Rd 1 discussions held Spring 2022)

- Seek/consider investor/funding input for generation and storage so can achieve financial feasibility
- The MG should provide price parity between inputs (from the main grid) and outputs (feed in) to encourage people to invest in generation to support output supply and expansion
- Total village access to renewable energy through community battery so that we have year round access to locally generated power, backed by g
- We should have an org. structure that can effectively manage control sharing and transactions between participants
- Winter Power Generation
- We need a system that has multiple clean energy sources so that it is resilient to adverse weather (Page 24)
- We should consider using the battery as a commercial generator selling power at peak wholesale price when risk of outage is low so that the cost of the system is offset (Page 27)

Broulee LARGE Type 3 MG Guidelines (from Rd 1 discussions held Spring 2022)

- We should have an MG that can provide residents of Banksia Village and Banksia Lodge access to green energy so that Banksia and its residents can reduce the environmental and economic impact of grid power.
- We should have a smart metering system that facilitates Banksia supplying power generated onsite to residents so that billing can be managed efficiently and accurately through Banksia administration.
- We should have an MG capable of providing power to a portion of the outside community so that Banksia can be a responsible corporate citizen and promote positive impact on the surrounding community.
- We should utilise available land on Banksia's property in a cost effective way that produces ROI comparable to that that would have been achieved if it were used for further LU development so that Banksia is not subject to financial losses from opportunity costs.
- We should utilise all Banksia's existing power producing assets in a harmonious and risk managed way so that available production capacity is efficiently harnessed and capable of delivering capacity when needed.

Broulee LARGE Type 3 MG Guidelines (from Rd 1 discussions held Spring 2022)

- We should include reference to the existing 40kWh PV system serving Grevillea Centre, Administration and Maintenance at Banksia
- AC at Banksia may be able to be restricted but depends on climatic conditions at the time. If weather is extreme then the AC would be an important core service. Pools (including filters, heaters and dehumidifiers can be immediately isolated and shut down in periods of blackout (and would need to be to manage the load on the genset). (Banksia Guidelines refer Page 36).

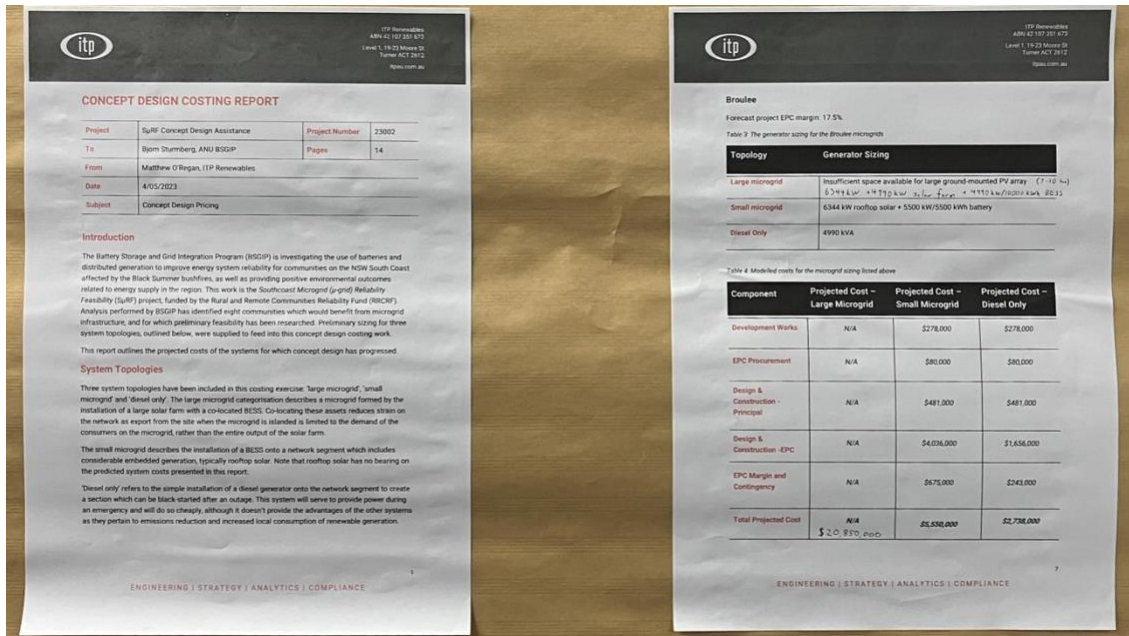
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STEP 4

Large Microgrid: High Level Design Concept

Technologies, technical specifications and costings for the large Microgrid were not developed due to the lack of appropriate land being available for a solar farm.

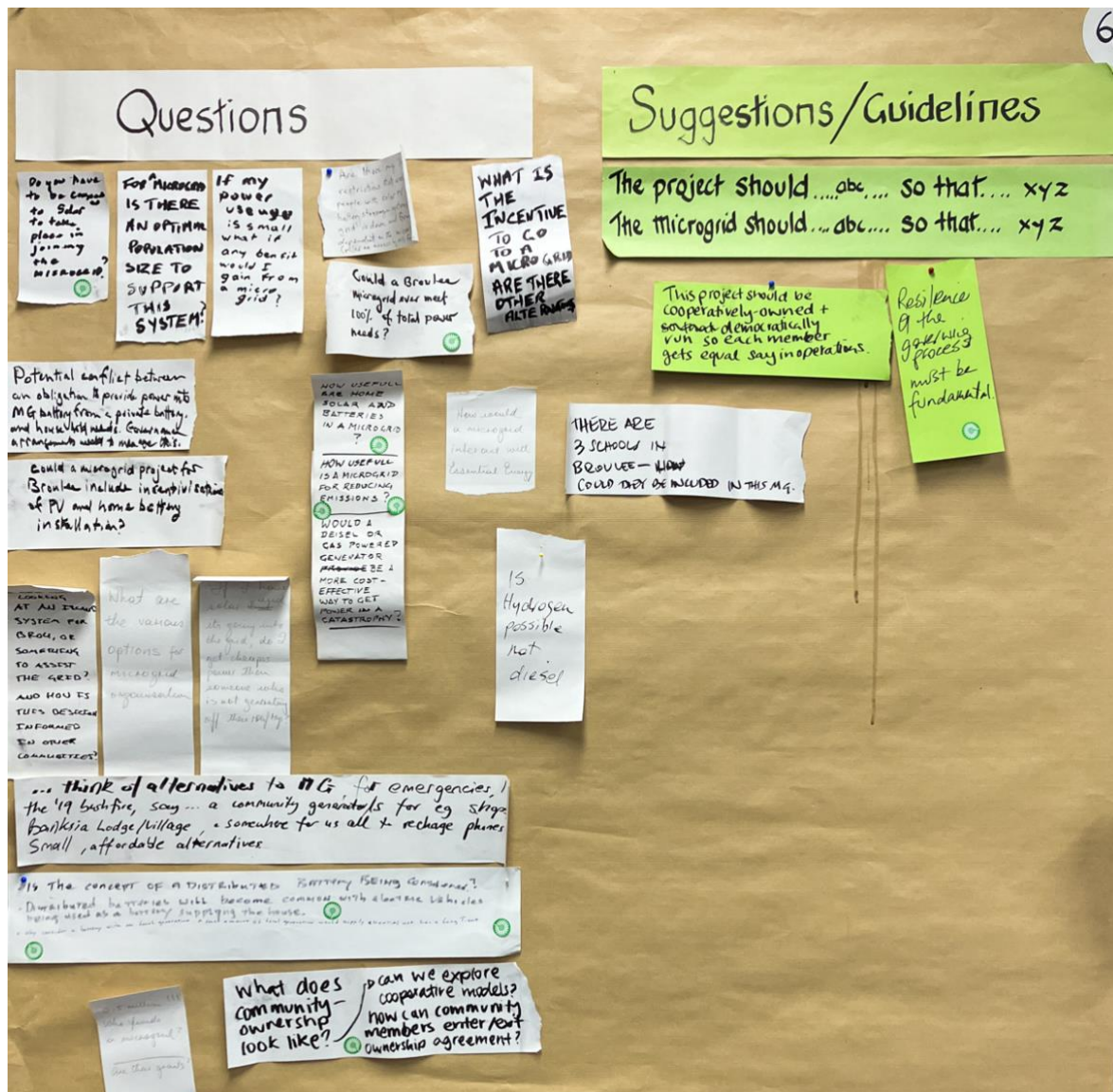


Moderator Notes...

The SuRF team will produce alternative Microgrid and other options later that may be suitable for Broulee. These options will be informed by the design guidelines offered during both community forums (Round 1 & 2)

STEP 5

Questions, Suggestions/Guidelines



QUESTIONS

QUESTION	RESPONSE FROM SuRF Project team
1. Do you have to be connected to solar to take place in joining the microgrid?	
2. For a microgrid is there an optimal population size to support this system?	
3. If my power usage is small, what if any benefit would I gain from a microgrid?	
4. Are there any limits or restrictions that would apply to people with solar PV and home battery storage systems when the grid is down and Broulee is dependent on the microgrid? (Rules on access by MG from private systems)	
5. What is the incentive to go a microgrid are there other alternatives	
6. Could a Broulee microgrid ever meet 100% of total power needs?	
7. How useful are home solar and batteries in a microgrid?	
8. How useful is a microgrid for reducing emissions?	
9. Would a diesel or gas powered generator be a more cost-effective way to get power in a catastrophe?	
10. Potential conflict between an obligation to provide power into MG battery from a private battery and household needs. Governance arrangements need to manage this	
11. Could a microgrid project for Broulee include incentivisations of PV and home battery installation?	
12. How would a microgrid interact with Essential Energy?	
13. There are 3 schools in Broulee – could they included in this MG?	

<p>14. Are we looking at an Island System for Broulee or something to assist the grid? And how is this design informed in other communities?</p>	
<p>15. What are the various options for microgrid organisation</p>	
<p>16. If I have solar and it's going into the grid, do I get cheaper power than someone who is not generating off their rooftop?</p>	
<p>17. Is hydrogen possible not diesel?</p>	
<p>18. ...think of alternatives to MG, for emergencies, like the '19 bushfire, say... a community generator/s for eg shops/ Banksia Lodge/Village, and somewhere for us all to recharge phones etc. Small, affordable alternatives.</p>	
<p>19. Is the concept of a distributed battery being considered?</p> <p>20. Distributed batteries will become common with electric vehicles being used as a battery supplying the house</p> <p>21. Why consider a battery with no local generation. A small amount of local generation would supply essential use for a long time.</p>	
<p>22. 2.5 million!!! Who funds a microgrid?</p> <p>Are there grants?</p>	
<p>23. What does community ownership look like?</p> <p>Can we explore corporate models? How can community members enter/exit ownership agreement?</p>	

SUGGESTIONS/GUIDELINES

The project should ... abc ... so that ... xyz
The microgrid should ... abc ... so that ... xyz

DESIGN GUIDELINE	Response from SuRF project team
This project should be cooperatively owned and democratically run so each member gets equal say in operations.	
Resilience of the governing process must be fundamental	

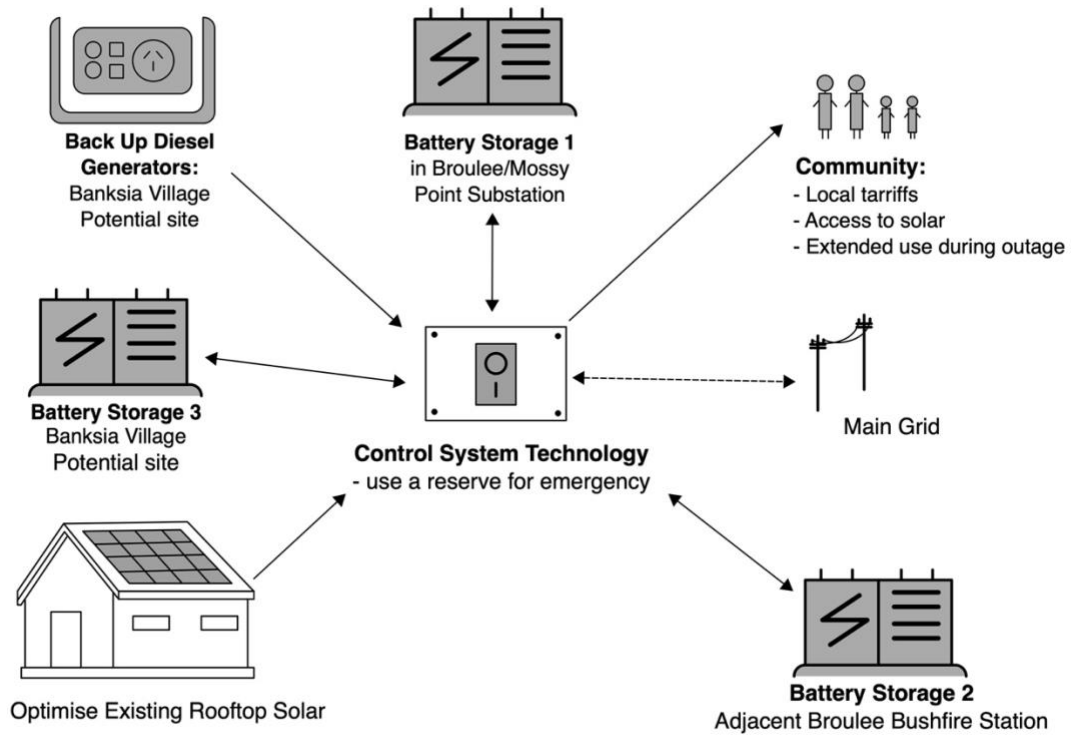
Moderator Notes...

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APPENDIX

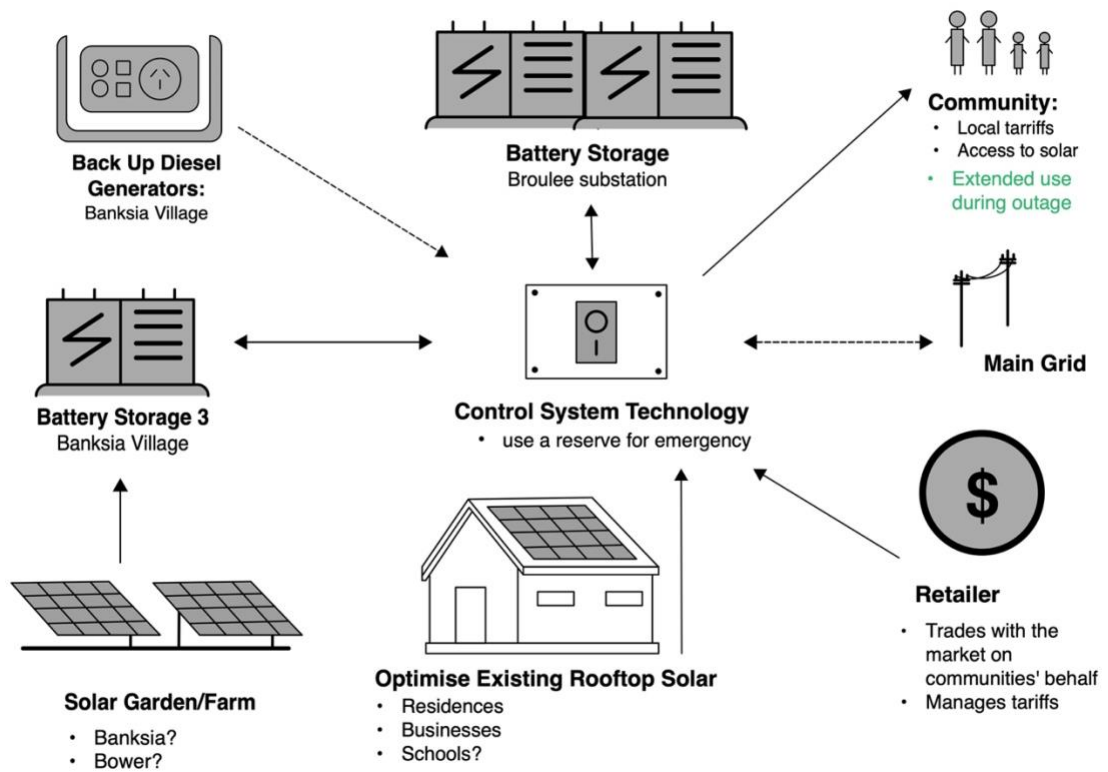
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APPENDIX A: SMALL (Type 2) MG design mud map offered from Rd1



FEASIBILITY

APPENDIX B: Large (Type 3) MG design mud map offered from Rd1



FEASIBILITY

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The SuRF project team consists of: The Australian National University, SHASA, Zepben and Essential Energy.



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The SuRF project team acknowledges that we meet at various locations across the traditional lands of the Yuin People. We pay our respects to the Elders, past, present and future.

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